

St Anne's DT Progression Map



Where possible across all areas: Identify great designers and their work and use research of designers to influence work

				EYFS		
Design and Technology Skills	Range 4	UTW/ W - • Notices detailed features of objects in their environment UTW/ W - • Enjoys playing with small world reconstructions, building on first- hand experiences, e.g. visiting farms, garages, train tracks, walking by river or lake	UTW/ T - • Seeks to acquire basic skills in turning on and operating some digital equipment • Operates mechanical toys, e.g. turns the knob on a wind-up toy or pulls back on a friction car • Plays with water to investigate "low technology" such as washing and cleaning • Uses pipes, funnels and other tools to carry/ transport water from one place to another	EAD/ M - • Shows an interest in the way sound makers and instruments sound and experiments with ways of playing them, e.g. loud/quiet, fast/slow • Experiments with ways to enclose a space, create shapes and represent actions, sounds and objects • Enjoys and responds to playing with colour in a variety of ways, for example combining colours • Uses 3D and 2D structures to explore materials and/or to express ideas	EAD/ BI – • Uses everyday materials to explore, understand and represent their world – their ideas, interests and fascinations • Begins to make believe by pretending using sounds, movements, words, objects Beginning to describe sounds and music imaginatively, e.g. scary music	PD/ MH - • Uses wheeled toys with increasing skill such as pedalling, balancing, holding handlebars and sitting astride • May be beginning to show preference for dominant hand and/or leg/foot • Turns pages in a book, sometimes several at once • Shows increasing control in holding, using and manipulating a range of tools and objects such as tambourines, jugs, hammers, and mark making tools • Holds mark-making tools with thumb and all fingers
	Range 5	UTW/W - • Talks about why things happen and how things work	UTW/ T - • Knows how to operate simple equipment, e.g. turns on CD player, uses a remote control, can navigate touch-capable technology with support • Shows an interest in technological toys with knobs or pulleys, real objects such as cameras, and touchscreen devices such as mobile phones and tablets • Shows skill in making toys work by	EAD/ M - • Continues to explore colour and how colours can be changed • Develops an understanding of using lines to enclose a space, and begins to use drawing to represent actions and objects based on imagination, observation and experience • Uses various construction materials, e.g. joining pieces, stacking vertically and horizontally, balancing,	EAD/ BI - • Engages in imaginative play based on own ideas or first-hand or peer experiences. • Uses available resources to create props or creates imaginary ones to support play	PD/ MH - • Can grasp and release with two hands to throw and catch a large ball, beanbag or an object • Creates lines and circles pivoting from the shoulder and elbow • Manipulates a range of tools and equipment in one hand, tools include paintbrushes, scissors, hairbrushes, toothbrush, scarves or ribbons





Range 6	UTW/ W - • Knows about similarities and differences in relation to places, objects, materials and living things	pressing parts or lifting flaps to achieve effects such as sound, movements or new images • Plays with a range of materials to learn cause and effect, for example, makes a string puppet using dowels and string to suspend the puppet UTW/ T - • Completes a simple program on electronic devices	making enclosures and creating spaces • Uses tools for a purpose	<u>EAD/ BI -</u> • Uses combinations of art forms, e.g. moving and singing, making and dramatic play, drawing and talking, constructing and mapping • Responds imaginatively to art works and objects, e.g. this music sounds likes dinosaurs, that sculpture is squishy like this [child physically demonstrates], that peg looks like a mouth • Introduces a storyline or narrative into their play • Plays cooperatively as part of a group to create, develop and act out an imaginary idea	<u>PD/ MH -</u> • Uses simple tools to effect changes to materials • Handles tools, objects, construction and malleable materials safely and with increasing control and intention • Shows a preference for a dominant hand • Begins to use anticlockwise movement and retrace vertical lines • Begins to form recognisable letters independently • Uses a pencil and holds it effectively to form recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed
ELG		None Birth to Five Matters: Children require access to a range of technologies, both digital and non-digital in their early lives. Exploring	EAD/ M : Children at the expected level of development will: - Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting	EAD/ BI - Statutory ELG: Being Imaginative and Expressive Children at the expected level of development will: - Invent, adapt and recount narratives	PD/ MH Statutory ELG: Gross Motor Skills Children at the expected level of development will: - Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and





	through play provides opportunities to develop	texture, form and function; - Share their creations,	their teacher	balance and coordination when playing; - Move energetically, such as
	skills that children will go	explaining the process they		running, jumping, dancing, hopping,
	on to develop in their	have used		skipping and climbing.
	lifetimes. Investigations,			
	scientific inquiry and			
	exploration are essential			
	components of learning			
	about and with technology			
	both digitally and in the			
	natural world.			





	Year 1	Design	Make	Evaluate
Vocabular	y	Understanding context, user	Practical skills and	Existing products
Design	Make	and purpose	techniques	
Appeal	Assembling	Begin to think about the purpose of the	Follow procedures for safety	Begin to investigate and understand - what
Characteristics	Components	design and the intended user		products are, who they are for how they
Design criteria	Cutting		Begin to use and make own	are made and what materials are used
Features	Fauinment	Begin to explore materials, make	templates	
Function/functiona	Finishing	templates and mock ups e.g. moving		
Generate	Ingredients	picture / lighthouse	Begin to measure, mark out, cut	
Mock-ups	Joining		out and shape materials and	
Model	Materials		components (supported if needed)	
Product	Mechanism		Posin to accomple isin and	
Products	Mock up		Begin to assemble, join and	
Prototypes	Shaping		combine materials and components	
Purpose	Textiles		(supported if needed)	
Templates	1001		llea cimpla fivina mataniale a a	
Users			townships fixing materials e.g.	
Evaluate			temporary - paper clips tape and	
Evaluate			permanent - giue, stapies	
More stable			Use finishing techniques	
Stiffer			(including those from art and	
Strong			(including those from art and	
Stronger			design)	
Suitable		Generating, developing,	Planning and Making	Own ideas and products
Test		modelline and communicating	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Weak		ideas		
		Begin to generate own ideas for design by drawing on own experiences or from	Make a plan of their product	Talk about their design ideas and what





		reading	Use a r equipme Choose compon	ange of tools and ent safely and correctly appropriate materials an ents for their product	they are making Suggest how their products could be d improved
Autumn		Technical knowl	edge	CI	oss-Curricular Links
Mechanisms Sliders and Bridge/guide Curve Curve forwards backward Cutting Input Joining/join Joint Lever Linear* Masking tape Output	Paper fastener/split pin Pivot* Pull push up down straight Shaping Simple flap Simple slider Slider Slider Slot Straight line	Understand about the simple wor characteristics of materials and Understand about the movement mechanisms: levers, sliders	king components of simple	Spoken language - par products with moving p say. Ask relevant quest understanding. Build te listen and respond app extend their knowledg directional vocabulary. knowledge and underst vocabulary. Use spoker imagining and exploring Mathematics - describ appropriate standard of Art and design - use of	ticipate in discussion about books and other arts, taking turns and listening to what others rions to extend their knowledge and achnical and directional vocabulary. Children ropriately to adults. Ask relevant questions to e and understanding. Build technical and Ask relevant questions to extend their anding. Build technical and directional I language to develop understanding through i deas. be position, direction and movement. Use nd non-standard measures. colour, pattern, line, shape.
Spring Preparing fruit and vegetables Bring on breakfast!		Cooking and Nutrition Where food comes from	Cooking and nutrition Food preparation	Recipe instruction s	Cross-Curricular Links









Structures	Understand about the simple working characteristics of	Snoken language - participate in discussion about various
Structures	materials and components	structures taking turns and listening to what others say Ask
Freestanding structures	Understand how freestanding structures can be made	structures, taking turns and instening to what others say. Ask
A chair for a bear	stranger stiffer and more stable	relevant questions to extend their knowledge and
	stronger, stiller and nore stable	understanding. Build technical vocabulary. Use spoken language
Key Individuals- Eileen Gray 1878-		to develop understanding through imagining and exploring ideas.
1976		Science - think about the properties of materials that make
		them suitable or unsuitable for particular purposes.
Rece D. J.		Mathematics - use appropriate standard and non-standard
Base Rectangle		measures. Recognise and name common 2-D and 3-D shapes.
Side		Art and design - use colour, pattern, line, shape. Use and
Corner Square		develop drawing skills.
Cube Straight		Geography - use simple fieldwork and observational skills to
Structure		study the geography of their school and its grounds and the
Curved Triangle		key physical features of its surrounding environment.
Cylinder Underneath		···· / ··· / ····· · ···· ··· ··· ······
Edge Wall		
Fix Wood		
Framework lower		
Join		
Metal		
Plastic		
Point		





Year 2	Design	Make	Evaluate
Vocabulary Design Make	Understanding context, user and purpose	Practical skills and techniques	Existing products
Appeal Assembling Characteristics Components Design criteria Construction Develop Cutting Features Equipment Function/functional Finishing Generate Ingredients Model Materials Product Mechanism Products Shaping Purpose Textiles Templates Tool	State the purpose of the design and the intended user Explore materials, make templates and mock ups e.g. moving picture / lighthouse	Follow procedures for safety Use and make own templates Measure, mark out, cut out and shape materials and components Assemble, join and combine materials and components Explain reasons for choice of fixing materials Think carefully about finishing techniques (including those from art and design)	Investigate - what products are, who they are for, how they are made and what materials are used
Evaluate More stable Stiffer	Generating, developing, modelling and communicating ideas	Planning and Making	Own ideas and products
Stronger Suitable Test Weak	Generate own ideas for design by drawing on own experiences or from reading	Plan by suggesting what to do next Select from a range of tools and equipment (explaining their choices) Select from a range of materials and components according to their characteristics	Make simple judgements about their products and ideas against design criteria Evaluating products and components used





Autumn	Technical	Knowledge		Cross-curricular Links		
Mechanisms Wheels and axles 4 wheel Key Individuals- Frank Hornby Axles Chassis body cab Fixed free moving Mechanism* Names of tools equipment and materials used Stable (stability) Stiffen Strengthen Vehicle axle holder Wheels	Understand about the simple working characteristics of materials and components Understand about the movement of simple mechanisms: wheels and axles		 Science - working scientifically: ask simple questions and observe closely. Explore use of everyday materials. Mathematics - number of wheels, more than, less than, equal. measuring length using non-standard and standard units. Spoken Language - use of technical vocabulary. Ask relevant questions to extend understanding and build vocabulary and knowledge. Give well-structured descriptions and explanations. Develop speaking and listening skills. Learn relevant technical vocabulary. Use spoken language to develop understanding through imagining and exploring ideas. Art and Design - use a range of media and materials creatively to design and make products. 			
Spring	Cooking and Cooking and		Recipe	Cross-Curricular Links		
Preparing fruit and vegetables Perfect Pizza!	Nutrition Where food comes from	nutrition Food preparation	instructions			
	Know where food comes from -food has to be farmed, grown elsewhere (e.g. home) or caught	Use appropriate equipment to weigh and measure ingredients Know that everyone should eat at least five portions of fruit and	Follow a simple recipe supported by an adult. Carryout instructions	Spoken language - children develop and use a sensory vocabulary. Ask questions to check understanding; use the correct terminology for equipment and food processes. Ask questions to develop and check understanding, develop technical and sensory vocabulary and build knowledge. Science - understand that plants have leaves, stems, roots, flowers and fruits; understand the importance		





Ingredients Arranging Choosing Core Cutting Diet Flesh Healthy Investigating Peeling Pip Popular Seed Skin Slicing Squeezing Tasting		vegetables every day Understand that food ingredients should be combined according to their sensory characteristics	with a little support.	of growing plants and how seasons affect growth. Talk about a balanced diet, different types of food and hygiene. Writing - develop descriptive writing based on first- hand experience of tasting fruit and vegetables. Instructions on how to use one of the utensils; how to prepare e.g. a fruit for eating. Mathematics - carry out a simple survey to find out which are the favourite fruits/vegetables; construct and interpret the information in e.g. pictograms and bar graphs. Art and design - use and develop drawing skills. Computing - use digital photographs to help order the main stages of making and support children's writing.
Sensory vocabulary				
Summer Cycle B	Technical kn	nowledge		Cross-Curricular Links
Textiles Templates and joining techniques Decorate Join Joining and finishing techniques	Understand about the simple we materials and components. Understand how simple 3-D tex using a template to create two Understand how to join fabrics techniques e.g. running stitch, c	orking characteristics of ctile products are made, identical shapes. using different over stitch, glue, stapling.	 Spoken language - ask relevant questions to build understanding and the vocabulary. Explain and articulate their ideas orally. Art and design - quick drawings or detailed observational drawings of on product to develop and share ideas. Use colour, pattern, texture, and shape as appropriate. Science - everyday materials. Investigate physical properties of fabric types against suitability for the product to be made. Mathematics - measurement using non-standard and standard units. Computing - use technology purposefully to create and manipulate digital content. 	





Year 3		Design	Make	Evaluate	
Annotated sketches Appealing	e (innovation)	Understanding context, user and purpose	Practical skills and techniques	Existing products	
Characteristics Label Computer-aided design (CAD) Pattern piet Criteria Prototype® Cross-sectional* Purpose Design criteria Relevant co Design criteria Relevant co Exploided diagrams Template Finishing techniques User Fit for purpose Components	eces * context	Begin to gather information about the needs and wants of particular individuals and groups Begin to develop their own design criteria and use these to inform their ideas Begin to research designs	Begin to measure, mark out, cut and shape materials and components with some accuracy Assemble, join and combine materials and components with some accuracy Apply a range of finishing techniques, include those from art and design, with some accuracy	Investigate - who designed and made the products, where products were designed and made, when products were designed and made and whether products can be recycled or reused	
Control Authentic Decision Evaluate Materials Reinforce		Generating, developing, modelling and communicating ideas	Planning and Making	Own ideas and products	
Monitor Program Reinforce		Share and clarify ideas through discussion Model their ideas using prototypes and pattern pieces Use annotated sketches, cross- sectional drawings and diagrams	Select tools and equipment suitable for the task Select materials and components suitable for the task Order the main stages of making Produce detailed lists of tools, equipment and materials that they need	Identify the strengths and weaknesses of their ideas and products Consider the views of others, including intended users, to improve their work	





Autumn	Technical k	nowledge	Cross-Curricular Links		
Levers and linkages Creatures and critters mechanism, lever, linkage, pivot, slot, bridge, guide system, input, process, output linear, rotary, oscillating, reciprocating user, purpose, function prototype, design criteria, innovative, appealing, design brief	 Understand and use lever and l Distinguish between fixed and Know and use technical vocabul 	inkage mechanisms. loose pivots. ary relevant to the project.	 Cross-Curricular Links Mathematics - use the vocabulary of position, direction and movement. Use a ruler to measure to the nearest cm, half cm or mm. Spoken language - ask relevant questions to extend knowledge and understanding. Build their technical vocabulary. Art and design - use colour, pattern, line, shape. 		
<u>Spring</u> Food Healthy and variety	Cooking and Nutrition Where food comes from	Cooking and nutrition Food preparation	Recipe instructions	Cross-Curricular Links	
Sandwich Snacks Key individuals- Jamie Oliver hygienic, bridge technique, claw technique, grating, peeling, chopping, slicing, mixing, spreading, kneading,	Know that food is grown (such as tomatoes, wheat and potatoes), reared (such as pigs, chickens and cattle) and caught (such as fish) in the UK, Europe and the wider world	Know that a healthy diet is made up from a variety and balance of different foods and drinks, as depicted in the 'eat well' plate Measure using grams	Follow a simple recipe with guidance from an adult Carryout instructions independently	Spoken language - developing relevant vocabulary e.g. sensory descriptors. Ask relevant questions to extend their knowledge. Developing relevant technical vocabulary e.g. names of utensils and techniques. Ask relevant questions to extend their knowledge. Consider and evaluate different viewpoints. Use discussion to develop understanding through exploring ideas. Science - using and developing skills of observing and questioning. Humans get nutrition	





baking, edible, grown, reared, caught, frozen, tinned, processed, seasonal, harvested healthy/varied diet planning, design criteria, purpose, user, annotated sketch, sensory evaluations, name of products, names of equipment, utensils, techniques and ingredients	*Exploded diagrams	from what they eat. Discuss changes of state if heat is used. Art and Design – using and developing drawing skills. Mathematics – presenting results/mass kg/g. Writing – new vocabulary. Use non-fiction texts such as description, explanation and instructions e.g. recipes. Organise their work using e.g. headings, subheadings.
Summer	Technical knowledge	Cross-Curricular Links
Textiles 2D shape to 3D product Pencil case/ types of stitching fabric, names of fabrics, fastening, compartment, zip, button, structure, finishing technique, strength, weakness, stiffening, templates, stitch, seam, seam allowance	Know that a single fabric shape can be used to make a 3D textiles product Know how to strengthen, stiffen and reinforce existing fabrics. Understand how to securely join two pieces of fabric together *Pattern pieces	 Science - physical properties of fabrics. Spoken language - asking and answering questions to develop understanding. Through discussion, participate actively initiating and responding to comments. Develop technical vocabulary. Give well-structured descriptions of e.g. finishing techniques Mathematics - nets of shapes and accurate measurements mm/cm. History - investigating textiles and textile products from age being studied Mathematics - Accurate measurement mm/cm. Science - identify and compare the suitability of a variety of fabrics for particular uses. Art and design - investigating visual and tactile qualities of fabrics and using colour and pattern appropriately. Using a range of tools and decorative techniques. Develop sketching techniques.





Year 4		Design	Make	Evaluate
Vocabulary		Understanding context,	Practical skills and techniques	Existing products
Annotated sketches	Innovative (innovation)	user and purpose		
Appealing Characteristics Computer-ailded design (CAD) Criteria Cross-sectional* Design brief Design criteria Design specification Exploded diagrams Finishing techniques Fit for purpose Functional (Functionality) Components Control Decision Explored techniques	Label Pattern pieces Prototype* Purpose Relevant context Research Template User esthetic qualities uthentic valuate	Gather information about the needs and wants of particular individuals and groups Develop their own design criteria and use these to inform their ideas Research designs Generating, developing, modelling and	Measure, mark out, cut and shape materials and components with some accuracy Assemble, join and combine materials and components with some accuracy Apply a range of finishing techniques, include those from art and design, with some accuracy Planning and Making	Investigate - who designed and made the products, where products were designed and made, when products were designed and made and whether products can be recycled or reused Own ideas and products
Materials Ri Mechanism Monitor Program Reinforce	einforce	communicating ideas Share and clarify ideas through discussion Model their ideas using prototypes and pattern pieces Use annotated sketches, cross- sectional drawings and diagrams	Explain their choice of tools and equipment in relation to the skills and techniques they will be using Explain their choice of materials and components according to functional properties and aesthetic qualities Produce detailed lists of tools, equipment and materials that they need	Identify the strengths and weaknesses of their ideas and products Consider the views of others, including intended users, to improve their work





Autumr	1	Technical knowledge			Cross-Curricular Links		
Electric Simple of switche Night lin Key indiv Edison (a Battery Battery holder Bulb Bulb holder Conductor Connection Control Crocodile clip Fault Flowchart Input device Insulator	al systems circuits and s ghts. iduals - Thomas nd early versions of electric Names of switches and components Output device Parallel circuit Program Push-to-break switch Push-to-make switch Series circuit System Toggle switch Wire	Understand how simple elect used to create functional pro <i>Crumble</i> *Cross-sectional diag	rical circuits and component oducts	ts can be	Spoken I battery- knowledg Asking qu vocabular participa topic and understa exploring Science basic und switches Computin specific g Art and	language – participate in discussion and evaluation of -powered products. Ask relevant questions to extend ge and understanding. Build their technical vocabulary. questions to check understanding, develop technical ary and build knowledge. Maintain attention and ate actively in collaborative conversations, staying on id initiating and responding to comments. Develop anding through speculating, hypothesising, imagining and ig ideas. - know how to construct simple series circuits and have iderstanding of conductors, insulators and open and clos s. ing – design, write and debug programs that accomplish goals, including controlling physical systems. d design – using and developing drawing skills.	d re a sed
Sprina	lamps)	Cooking and Cooking and Re		Rea	cipe	Cross-Curricular Links	
Food Seasond underst	Il food and anding how	Cooking andCooking andReNutritionnutritioninstrWhere food comesFood preparationfromfrom		instru	ctions		





produce can be fresh, pre-cooked and processed. hygienic, bridge technique, claw technique, grating, peeling, chopping, slicing, mixing, spreading, kneading, baking, edible, grown, reared, caught, frozen, tinned, processed, seasonal, harvested healthy/varied diet planning, design criteria, purpose, user, annotated sketch, sensory evaluations, name of products, names of equipment, utensils, techniques and ingredients	Know that affect the Know that can be fre. and proces *Explode	seasons may food available food ingredients sh, pre-cooked sed ed diagram	Know that to be active and healthy, food is needed to provide energy for the body Follow a recipe	Follow a simple recipe with guidance from an adult Carryout instructions independently	 Spoken language - developing relevant vocabulary e.g. sensory descriptors. Ask relevant questions to extend their knowledge. Developing relevant technical vocabulary e.g. names of utensils and techniques. Ask relevant questions to extend their knowledge. Consider and evaluate different viewpoints. Use discussion to develop understanding through exploring ideas. Science - using and developing skills of observing and questioning. Humans get nutrition from what they eat. Discuss changes of state if heat is used. Art and Design - using and developing drawing skills. Mathematics - presenting results/mass kg/g. Writing - new vocabulary. Use non-fiction texts such as description, explanation and instructions e.g. recipes. Organise their work using e.g. headings, subheadings.
Summer Cycle A Mechanical systems Hydraulics		Technical knowledge Understand how pneumatic/ hydraulic systems create		ms create	Cross-Curricular Links Spoken language - participate in discussion and evaluation of examples of products that use hydraulics. Ask relevant





Hydraulic Heads	movement.	questions to extend knowledge and understanding. Build
		technical vocabulary. Consider and evaluate different
		viewpoints.
components, fixing, attaching, tubing,		Science - identify and compare the suitability of a variety
syringe, plunger, hydraulic system,		of everyday materials for particular uses. When
input movement, process, output		evaluating, make systematic and careful observations and
movement, syringe, tube control,		take accurate measurements.
compression, pressure, inflate,		Mathematics - measure, compare, add and subtract:
deflate, pump, seal, air-tight, user,		lengths, volume and capacity.
purpose, function		Art and design - use and develop drawing techniques. Use
		colour, pattern, line, shape.





Yeo	ar 5	Design	Make	Evaluate	
Vocabul Annotated sketches	Annotated sketches Innovative (innovation) Understanding context, user and purpose		Practical skills and techniques	Existing products	
Characteristics Computer-aided design (CAI Criteria Cross-sectional* Design brief Design prief Design specification Exploded diagrams Finishing techniques Fit for purpose Functional (Functionality) Components Control Decision Materials	Label D Pattern pieces Prototype* Purpose Relevant context Research Template User Aesthetic qualities Authentic Evaluate Reinforce	Carry out research, using surveys, interviews, questionnaires and web-based resources Identify the needs, wants, preferences and values of particular individuals and groups Develop a simple design specification to guide their thinking Recognise when their products have to fulfil conflicting requirements	Accurately measure to nearest cm/ mm mark out, cut and shape materials and components Accurately assemble, join and combine materials/components Accurately apply a range of finishing techniques, including those from art and design Demonstrate resourcefulness, e.g. make refinements	Investigate - how much products cost to make, how innovative products are and how sustainable the materials in products are	
Mechanism Monitor Program Reinforce		Generating, developing, modelling and communicating ideas	Planning and Making	Own ideas and products	
		Generate innovative ideas, drawing on research Make design decisions, taking account of constraints such as time, resources and cost Develop prototypes Use computer-aided design	Explain their choice of tools and equipment in relation to the skills and techniques they will be using Explain their choice of materials and components according to functional properties and aesthetic qualities Formulate step-by-step plans as a guide to making Produce detailed lists of tools, equipment and materials that they need	Critically evaluate the quality of the design, manufacture and fitness for purpose of their products as they design and make Compare their ideas and products to their original design specification	





Autumn	Technical knowledge	Cross-Curricular Links
Mechanisms: Cams Wooden cam toy Key individuals- Abbie Hutty, engineer cam, snail cam, off- centre cam, peg cam, pear shaped cam follower, axle, shaft, crank, handle, housing, framework rotation, rotary motion, oscillating motion, reciprocating motion annotated sketches, exploded diagrams mechanical system, input movement, process, output movement	Understand how cams, pulleys and gears create movement *Use a grid to support 3D drawing skills *CAD	 Spoken language - ask relevant questions, formulate and express opinions, give well-structured descriptions and explanations. Listen and respond appropriately, articulate and justify answers, arguments and opinions. Consider and evaluate different viewpoints. Listen and respond appropriately. Use relevant strategies to build their vocabulary. Computing - use search technologies for research purposes and be discerning when evaluating digital content. Science - forces and movement: explore the effects of simple machines on movement. Identify and compare the suitability of a variety of everyday materials for particular uses. Explore the effects of simple machines on movement. Mathematics - use mathematical vocabulary to describe position, direction and movement. Choose and use appropriate standard units (i.e. cm/mm) to estimate and accurately measure length/height. Art and design - use and apply drawing skills. Use techniques with colour, pattern, texture, line and shape. Writing - purpose of writing e.g. for planning and evaluation
Spring	Technical knowledge	Cross-Curricular Links
Textiles Combining different fabric shapes seam, seam allowance,	Know that a 3D textiles product can be made from a combination of fabric shapes Know fabrics can be strengthened, stiffened and reinforced where appropriate.	 Spoken language - ask questions, formulate, articulate and justify answers, arguments and opinions. Consider and evaluate different viewpoints. Science - work scientifically investigating properties of fabrics. Children plan different types of scientific enquiries to answer questions. History - significant person/people in their locality linked to textiles and products e.g. William Morris, Amanda Wakeley (homework)





wadding, reinforce, right side, wrong side, hem, template, pattern pieces name of textiles and fastenings used, pins, needles, thread, pinking shears, fastenings, iron transfer paper	*Pattern pieces	rn pieces		knowledge of how 2-D nets can be formed into 3- of accurate measuring using standard units i.e. estigate methods of adding colour, pattern and s and how to make their own textiles through g.
Summer	Cooking and Nutrition	Cooking and	Recipe	Cross-Curricular Links
Food Celebrating culture and seasonality	Where food comes from	nutrition Food preparation	instructions on	
Soups ingredients, spice, herbs, fat, sugar, carbohydrate, protein, nutrition, healthy, varied, savoury, source, seasonality, utensils, combine, stir, pour, mix, sprinkle, crumble, design specification, research, evaluate, design brief, peel, chop, dice, grate, dissolve, bridge hold, claw grip, simmer	Understand how food is processed into ingredients that can be eaten or used in cooking *Exploded diagram if applicable	Know that different foods contain differe substances - nutrient water and fibre - that are needed for health Understand the need for correct storage Measure accurately	Follow a simple nt recipe s, independently t Carryout modifications to recipes	 Mathematics and computing - making use of mathematical and computing skills to present results of sensory evaluations graphically, handling and interpreting data. Mathematics - measuring mass kg/g. Understand and use approximate equivalences between metric and imperial units. Computing - use technology purposefully to retrieve digital content. Spoken language - developing relevant vocabulary including sensory descriptors. Give well-structured explanations. New technical vocabulary. Articulate and justify answers and opinions. Listen and respond to adults and peers. Science - using and developing skills of





		observing, questioning, changing state of ingredients. Properties of materials and changes of state. Recognise the impact of diet on the way their bodies function.
		Geography - distribution of natural resources i.e. food.
		Art and design - using and developing drawing skills.
		Writing - purpose of writing e.g. for planning and evaluation

Year 6 Design		Make	Evaluate
Vocabulary Understanding context, user Annotated sketches Innovative (innovation) Annotated sketches and purpose		Practical skills and techniques	Existing products
Characteristics Label Computer-aided design (CAD Pattern pieces Criteria Prototype* Cross-sectional* Purpose Control Relevant context Control Research Decision i Template Materials IS User Monitor Program Reinforce Label L	Carry out research, using surveys, interviews, questionnaires and web-based resources Identify the needs, wants, preferences and values of particular individuals and groups Develop a simple design specification to guide their thinking	Accurately measure to nearest mm, mark out, cut and shape materials and components Use techniques that involve a number of steps Accurately apply a range of finishing techniques, including those from art and design Refine design and explain reasons for refinement	Investigate - how much products cost to make, how innovative products are and how sustainable the materials in products are





Aesthetic qualities Authentic Evaluate Reinforce	Recognise when their products have to fulfil conflicting requirements			
	Generating, developing, modelling and communicating ideas		Planning and Making	Own ideas and products
	Generate innovative ideas, drawing on research Make design decisions, taking account of constraints such as time, resources and cost Develop prototypes Use computer-aided design	Explain their the skills and Explain their according to Formulate st Produce deta that they ne	choice of tools and equipment in relation to d techniques they will be using choice of materials and components functional properties and aesthetic qualities sep-by-step plans as a guide to making ailed lists of tools, equipment and materials ed	Critically evaluate the quality of the design, manufacture and fitness for purpose of their products as they design and make Compare their ideas and products to their original design specification
Autumn Electrical systems/ more	Technical knowledge Understand how more complex electrical cir components can be used to create functiona	cuits and I products	Cross-Curricula Spoken language - ask relevant questions, fo give well-structured descriptions and explana	r Links rmulate and express opinions, itions. Use relevant strategies to
Fairground rides	Understand how to program a computer to c products Understand how to program a comp monitor changes in the environment / contro products	ontrol their puter to ol their	build their vocabulary. Computing – use search technologies for rese when evaluating digital content. Use search to purposes and be discerning when evaluating d Mathematics – understand ratios. Apply unde accurate measuring using standard units i.e. c	earch purposes and be discerning echnologies for research igital content. erstanding and skill to carry out m/mm.





		1	
Axle	Motor	Microbit	Science – apply knowledge and understanding of circuits, switches,
Circuit	Output		conductors and insulators. Recognise that some mechanisms, including pulleys
Circuit diagram	Process	*Cross-sectional diagrams	and gears, allow a smaller force to have a greater effect. Apply knowledge
Drive belt	Pulley		and understanding of circuits, switches, conductors and insulators in the
Driver*	Ratio		design of the final product.
Electrical system	Rotation		Art and design - use and apply arawing skills. Use techniques with colour,
Follower*	Caladla		pattern, texture, line and snape
Gear	Spinale		
Input	Switch		
Mechanical system	Transmit*		
Spring (mu covered in Yo come off cyc	ist be 6 as we cle a/b)	Technical Knowledge	Cross-curricular links
Mechanis	ns: Come	Understand how cams, pulleys and gears create	Spoken language - ask relevant guestions, formulate and express opinions,
Mechanis		movement	give well-structured descriptions and explanations. Listen and respond
wooden c	am toy		appropriately, articulate and justify answers, arguments and opinions.
Key individu	als- Abbie	*Use a grid to support 3D drawing skills	Consider and evaluate different viewpoints. Listen and respond appropriately.
Hutty, engi	neer	*CAD	Use relevant strategies to build their vocabulary.
cam, snail can centre cam, p	n, off- beg cam,		Computing - use search technologies for research purposes and be discerning when evaluating digital content.
pear shaped a	cam		Science - forces and movement: explore the effects of simple machines on
follower, axle	e, shaft,		movement. Identity and compare the suitability of a variety of everyday
crank, handle	, housing,		materials for particular uses. Explore the effects of simple machines on
framework			movement.
rotation, roto	ary motion,		Mathematics - use mathematical vocabulary to describe position, direction
oscillating motion,			and movement. Choose and use appropriate standard units (i.e. cm/mm) to
reciprocating	motion		estimate and accurately measure length/height.
annotated ske	etches,		Art and design - use and apply drawing skills. Use techniques with colour,
exploded diag	grams		pattern, texture, line and shape.





mechanical system, input movement, process, output movement		W	•iting - purpose of writing e.g. for planning and evaluation		
<u>Summer</u> Food Celebrating culture and seasonality	Cooking and Nutrition Where food comes from	Cooking and nutrition Food preparation	Recipe instructions	Cross-Curricular Links	
Food from distant places How can we adapt a recipe? Ingredients? Quantity? ingredients, spice, herbs, fat, sugar, carbohydrate, protein, nutrition, healthy, varied, savoury, source, seasonality, utensils, combine, stir, pour, mix, sprinkle, crumble, design criteria, research, evaluate, design brief, peel, chop, dice, grate, dissolve,	Know that a recipe can be adapted a by adding or substituting one or more ingredients	Know that recipes can be adapted to change the appearance, taste, texture and aroma Work out ratios in recipes	Follow a simple recipe independently Carryout modifications to recipes	 Mathematics and computing - making use of mathematical and computing skills to present results of sensory evaluations graphically, handling and interpreting data. Mathematics - measuring mass kg/g. Understand and use approximate equivalences between metric and imperial units. Computing - use technology purposefully to retrieve digital content. Spoken language - developing relevant vocabulary including sensory descriptors. Give well-structured explanations. New technical vocabulary. Articulate and justify answers and opinions. Listen and respond to adults and peers. Science - using and developing skills of observing, questioning, changing state of ingredients. Properties of materials and changes of state. Recognise the impact of diet on the way their bodies function. Geography - distribution of natural resources i.e. food. 	





bridge hold, claw grip,		Art and design - using and developing drawing skills.
simmer		Writing - purpose of writing e.g. for planning and
		evaluation